

The ExecutiveInsite Report

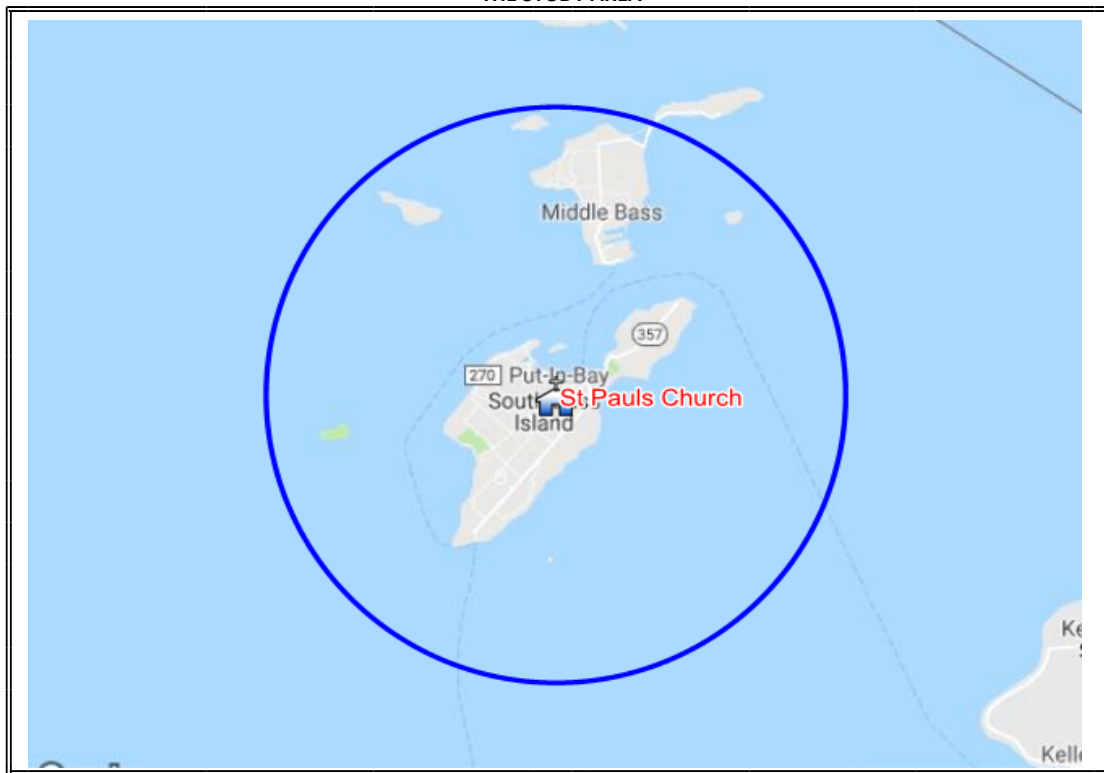
Prepared for: St Pauls Church - Put-in-Bay
 Study area: 3 mile radius - 623 Catawba Ave Put-in-Bay OH 434560248

Base State: OHIO
 Current Year Estimate: 2018
 5 Year Projection: 2023
 Date: 2/1/2019
 Semi-Annual Projection: Fall

This ExecutiveInsite Report has been prepared for St Pauls Church - Put-in-Bay. Its purpose is to “tell the demographic story” of the defined geographic study area. ExecutiveInsite integrates narrative analysis with data tables and graphs. Playing on the report name, it includes 12 “Insites” into the study area’s story. It includes both demographic and beliefs and practices data.

ExecutiveInsite is intended to give an overview analysis of the defined geographic study area. A defined study area can be a region, a zip code, a county or some custom defined geographic area such as a radius or a user defined polygon. The area of study is displayed in the map below.

THE STUDY AREA



THE 12 INSITES

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More Information

Please refer to the last page of the report for additional notes and interpretation aides in reading the report. Not all of the demographic variables available in the MI System are found in this report. The FullInsite Report will give a more comprehensive view of an area's demographics. Also, the Impressions Report adds additional social, behavioral views and the Quad Report provides a detailed view of religious preferences, practices and beliefs.

INSITE #1: POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD TRENDS

Population:

The estimated 2018 population within the study area is 656. The 2023 projection would see the area grow by 12 to a total population of 668. The population within the study area is growing somewhat faster than the statewide growth rate. While the study area is projected to grow by 1.8% in the next five years, the state is projected to remain stable at 0.2%. The study area's estimated average change rate is 0.4%.

Population Per Household

Population per Household: The relationship between population and households provides a hint about how the community is changing. When population grows faster than households, it suggests an increase in the persons per household. This can only happen when more persons are added either by birth or other process such as young adults in multiple roommate households or young adults returning to live with parents. In some communities this can occur when multiple families live in the same dwelling unit.

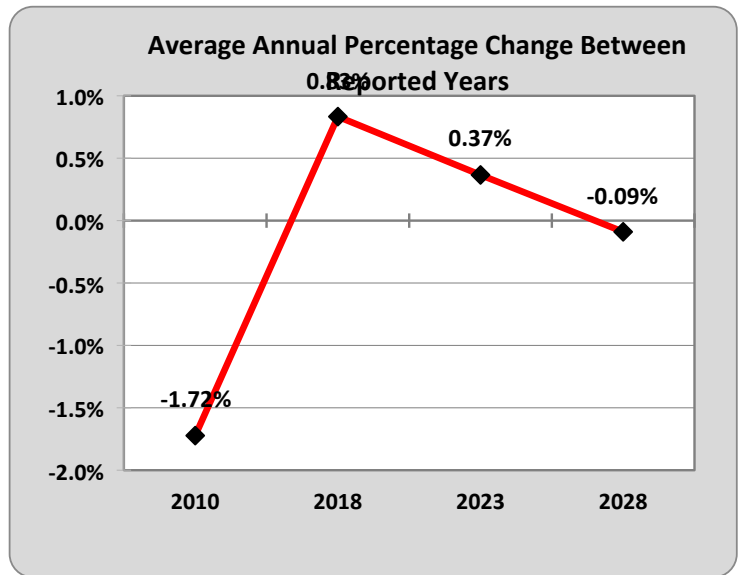
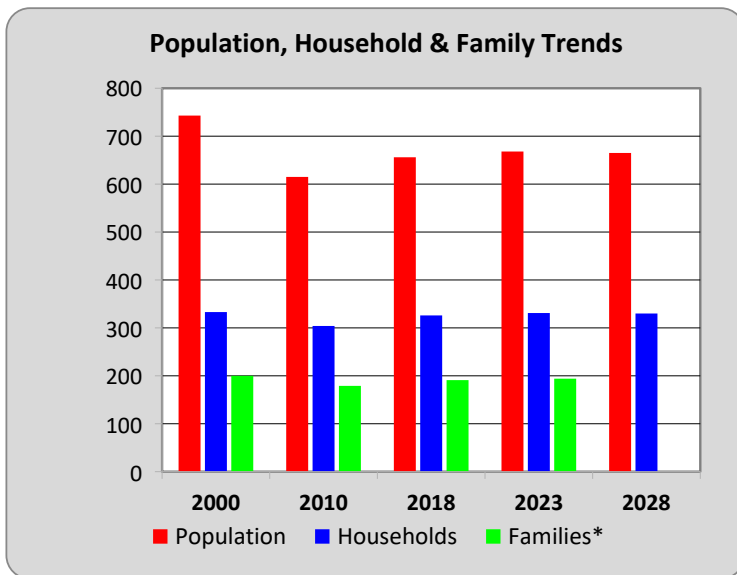
Households:

The households within the community are growing but not as fast as the population, thus the average population per household in 2010 was 2.02 but by 2023 it is projected to be 2.02. Compare this to the statewide average which for the current year is estimated at 2.51 persons per household.

Family Households:

Family households provide an additional hint about the changing dynamics of a community. If family household growth follows population growth, then it would be reasonable to assume that the increasing population per household comes from additional children. However, within the study area, this is not the case. Family households are not growing as fast as the population, suggesting the growth may be the result of growth of non-family adult households.

<i>Population/Households & Family Trends</i>					
	2000	2010	2018	2023	2028
Population	743	615	656	668	665
Population Change		-128	41	12	-3
Percent Change		-17.2%	6.7%	1.8%	-0.4%
Households	333	304	326	331	330
Households Change		-29	22	5	-1
Percent Change		-8.7%	7.2%	1.5%	-0.3%
Population / Households	2.23	2.02	2.01	2.02	2.02
Population / Households Change		-0.21	-0.01	0.01	0.00
Percent Change		-9.3%	-0.5%	0.3%	-0.1%
Families	200	179	191	194	
Families Change		-21	12	3	
Percent Change		-10.5%	6.7%	1.6%	

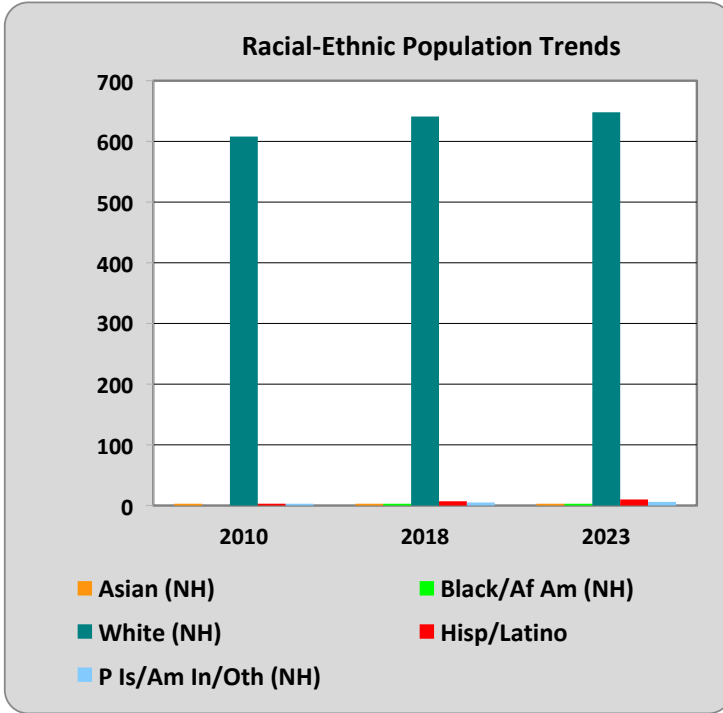


NOTE: Family Household data is not projected out 10 years.

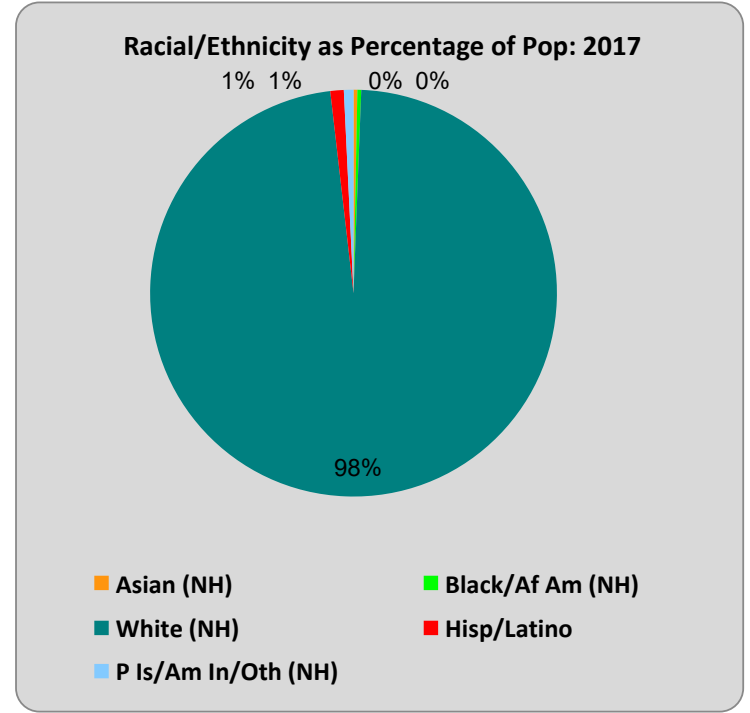
INSITE #2: RACIAL-ETHNIC TRENDS

The US population's racial-ethnic diversity is continually adding new and rich cultural mixes. This data considers the five groups for which trending information is available. Please note that several groups are aggregated into a single category due to their smaller size. Those persons who indicated Hispanic or Latino ethnicity along with a racial category have been separated into a Hispanic or Latino category.

The Population: Racial/Ethnic Trends table provides the actual numbers and percentage of the total population for each of the five racial/ethnic categories. Pay special attention to the final column on the right. This will quickly indicate the direction of change from the last census to the current five year projection.



The Racial Ethnic Trends graph displays history and projected change by each racial/ethnic group.



This chart shows the percentage of each group for the current year estimate.

The percentage of the population...

Asian (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

Black/African American (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

White (Non-Hisp) is projected to decline by -0.6% over the next five years.

Hispanic or Latino is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

Race and Ethnicity	2010	2018	2023	2010%	2018 %	2023 %	2010 to 2023 %pt Change
Asian (NH)	2	2	2	0.32%	0.30%	0.30%	-0.03%
Black/Afr Amer (NH)	0	2	2	0.00%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
White (NH)	608	641	648	98.70%	97.56%	97.01%	-1.70%
Hispanic/Latino	3	7	10	0.49%	1.07%	1.50%	1.01%
P Is/Am In/Oth (NH)	3	5	6	0.49%	0.76%	0.90%	0.41%
Totals:	616	657	668				

INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS

A community's age structure and how it is changing is an important part of its story. Overall, the American Population has been aging as the Baby Boomers progress through each phase of life. This has been abetted by episodes of declining live births. However, this picture may particularize differently from community to community. There are communities in the US where the average age is lower than some others. In other cases, there is a clear shift toward senior years as the Boomers enter their retirement years.

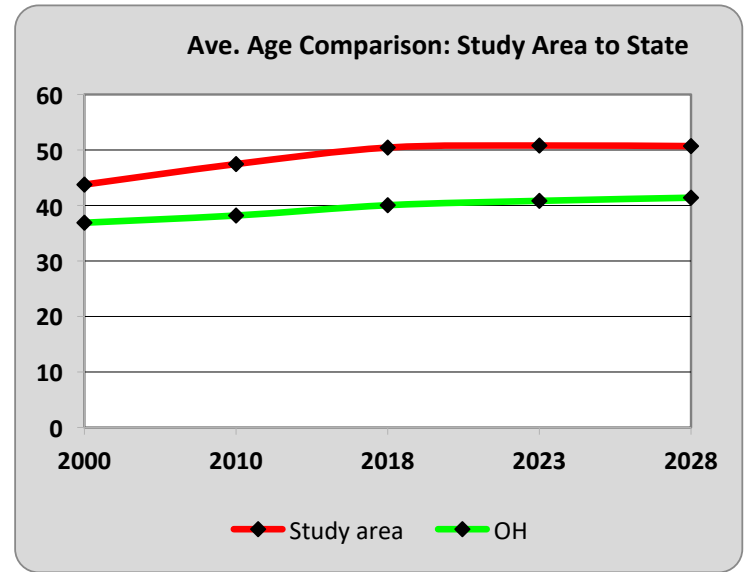
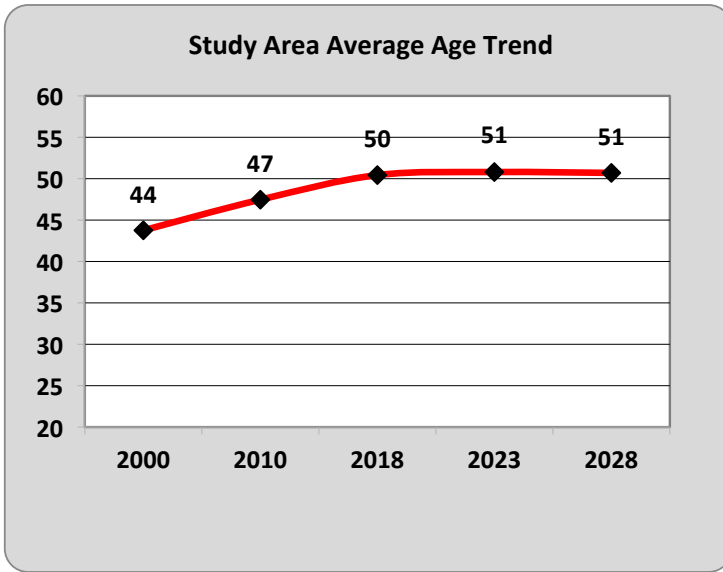
The Age Trend Insite explores two variables: Average age and Phase of Life.

Average Age Trends provides five important snapshots of a community from five data points; the 2000 census, the last census, the current year estimate, the five-year projection and the ten year forecast. These five numbers will indicate the aging direction of a community.

The Phase of Life Trends breaks the population into seven life phases that the population passes through in its life time.

AGE

<i>Average Age Trends</i>	2000	2010	2018	2023	2028
Average Age: Study Area	43.76	47.46	50.43	50.80	50.70
Percent Change		8.5%	6.3%	0.7%	-0.2%
Average Age: OH	36.89	38.19	40.05	40.83	41.40
Percent Change		3.5%	4.9%	2.0%	1.4%
Comparative Index	119	124	126	124	122
Median Age: Study Area	44	51	55	57	57



Summary of Average Age Findings:

The Average Age Trend chart shows both history and projection of the change in average age in the study area. The average age of the study area has been rising for several years. It is projected to rise over the next five years.

A comparison to the average age of the state helps to contextualize the significance of the average age of the study area and its history and projection. In the graph above, the study area and state are laid out side by side. The state's average age is estimated to be lower than the study area.

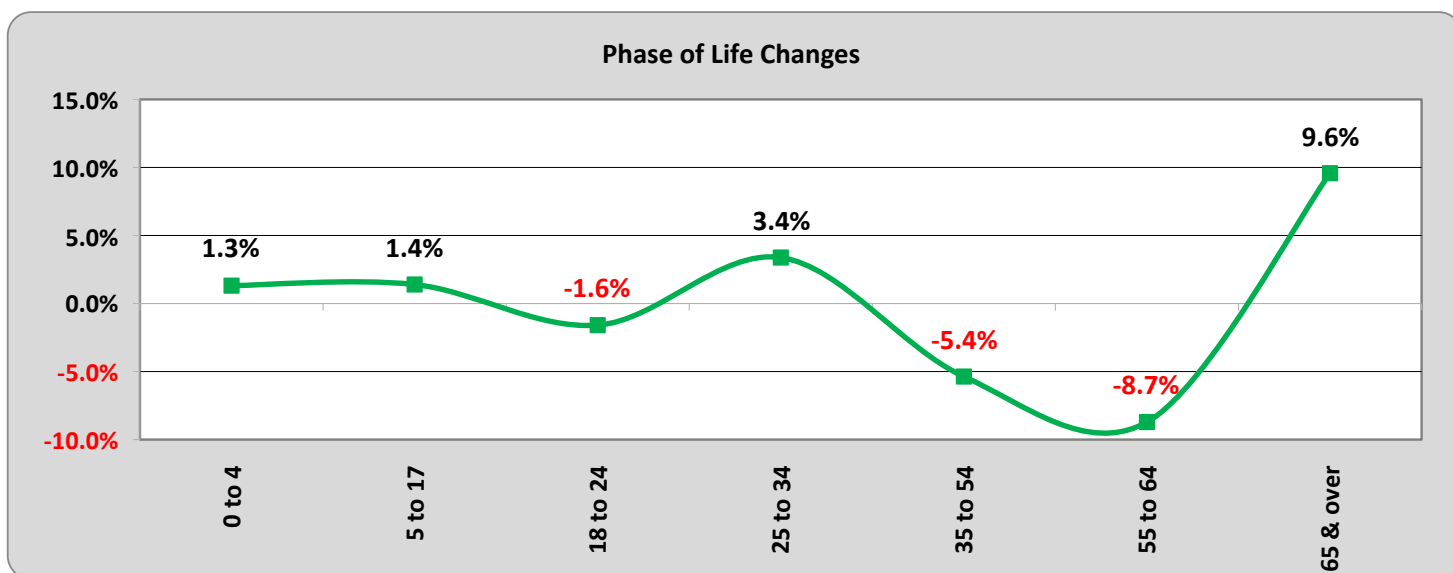
INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS (continued)

PHASE OF LIFE

The Phase of Life analysis provides insight into the age distribution of a population across the different stages of life experience. It can reveal a community in transition.

Pay special attention to the color codes of the Change column (far right below). It will immediately indicate which phases are increasing or decreasing as a percentage of the population.

Phase of Life	2010	2018	2023	2028	2010%	2018%	2023%	2028%	Estimated 10 Year %pt Change 2018 - 2028
Before Formal Schooling Ages 0 to 4	18	23	27	32	2.9%	3.5%	4.0%	4.8%	1.3%
Required Formal Schooling Ages 5 to 17	78	59	64	69	12.7%	9.0%	9.6%	10.4%	1.4%
College/Career Starts Ages 18 to 24	19	46	42	36	3.1%	7.0%	6.3%	5.4%	-1.6%
Singles & Young Families Ages 25 to 34	38	46	67	69	6.2%	7.0%	10.0%	10.4%	3.4%
Families & Empty Nesters Ages 35 to 54	209	134	100	100	33.9%	20.4%	15.0%	15.1%	-5.4%
Enrichment Years Sing/Couples Ages 55 to 64	120	151	131	95	19.5%	23.0%	19.6%	14.3%	-8.7%
Retirement Opportunities Age 65 and over	134	197	236	263	21.8%	30.0%	35.4%	39.6%	9.6%



Summary of Phase of Life Findings:

Phase of Life changes reflect the age profile of a community. On average, it takes 2.1 children per woman to replace both mother and father. If the percentage of the population under 20 is declining as a percentage of the total it is likely that the community will see an increase in the more senior aged population possibly due to a decline in birth rates.

In this study area children 17 years of age and younger are increasing as a percentage of the total population. Considering the other end of the phases of life, adults 55 years of age and older are increasing as a percentage of the total population.

In summary it may be that the community is experiencing some growth of children of school age.

INSITE #4: SCHOOL AGED CHILDREN TRENDS

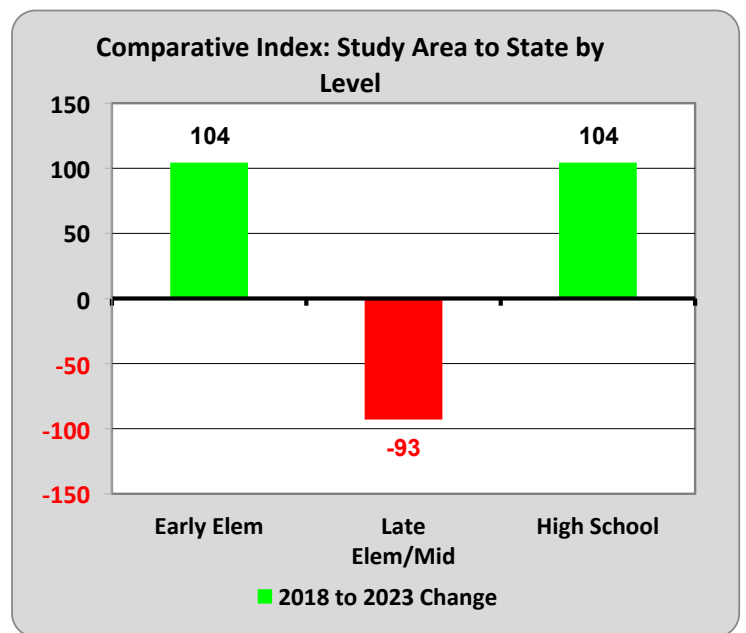
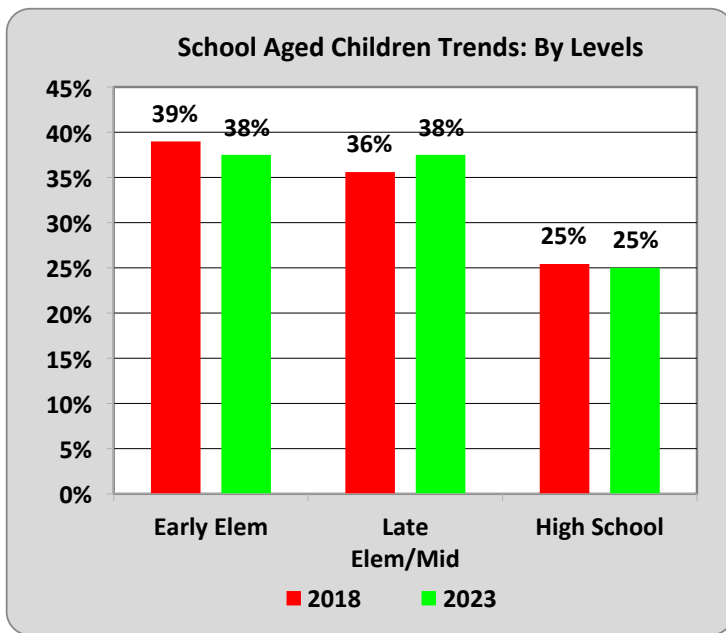
Children are the future! Understanding their specific population dynamics is critical for all planners of social and/or educational services. The “School Aged Children” variable is a subset of the “Required Formal Schooling” segment in the Phase of Life profile. It allows one to zoom in more closely on the children who are of formal schooling age.

The school aged population includes all school aged children including those enrolled in public and private schools, those home schooled and children in institutions.

The School Aged Children variable provides a snapshot of three levels of the population that comprise school age children. The three levels roughly correspond to the following.

- Elementary grades
- Intermediate/Middle School grades
- High School grades

School Aged Children	2010	2018	2023	2010%	2018%	2023%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2018 - 2023
Early Elementary							
Ages 5 to 9	26	23	24	33.8%	39.0%	37.5%	-1.5%
Late Elementary-Middle School							
Ages 10 to 14	23	21	24	29.9%	35.6%	37.5%	1.9%
High School							
Ages 15 to 17	28	15	16	36.4%	25.4%	25.0%	-0.4%



Summary of School Aged Children Findings:

Early Elementary children ages 5 to 9 are projected to decline as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by -1.5%.

Late Elementary to Middle School aged children ages 10 to 14 are increasing as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by 1.9%.

High School aged children 15 to 17 are declining as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by -0.4%.

Overall, children are aging through, but not being replaced at the younger levels.

INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS

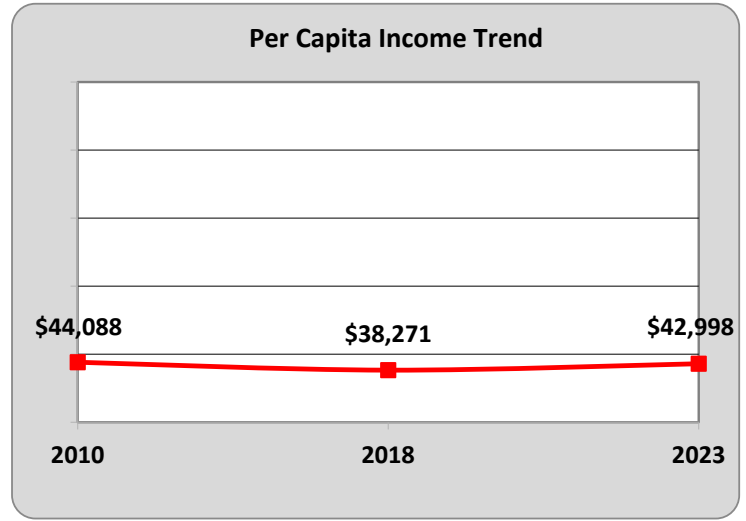
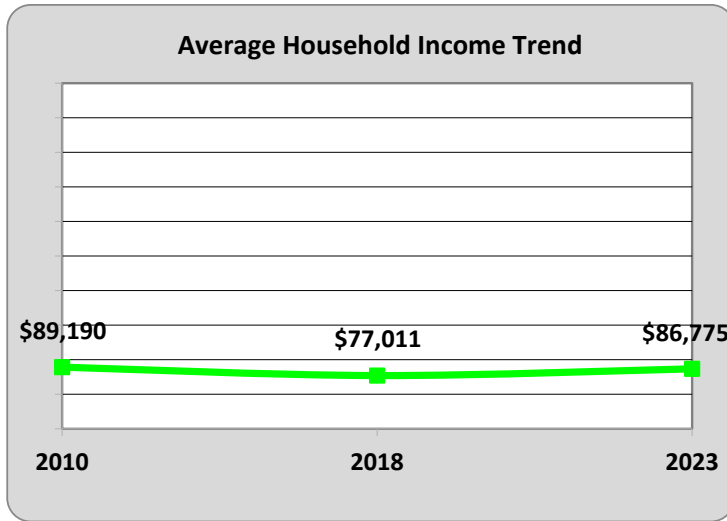
AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND PER CAPITA INCOME

Average Household Income and Per Capita Income indicate the level of financial resources within a community. Average Household income reflects the average income for each household, whether family or non-family.

Per Capita Income is a measure of the average income of all persons within a household. For family households, this would include all children. It does not mean that each person actually contributes to the average income from work. It is calculated by dividing the aggregate household income by the population.

In this study area, the estimated current year average household income is \$77,011. The average household income is projected to grow by 12.7% to \$86,775.

The estimated per capita income for the current year is \$38,271. The Per Capita Income is projected to grow by 12.4% to \$42,998.



Income Trends	2010	2018	2023	2010%	2018%	2023%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2018 - 2023
Households							
Less than \$10,000	16	11	10	5.3%	3.4%	3.0%	-0.4%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	9	10	10	3.0%	3.1%	3.0%	-0.1%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	8	35	24	2.6%	10.7%	7.2%	-3.5%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	31	41	46	10.2%	12.5%	13.8%	1.3%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	55	51	49	18.2%	15.6%	14.7%	-0.9%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	66	47	44	21.8%	14.4%	13.2%	-1.2%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	26	55	49	8.6%	16.8%	14.7%	-2.1%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	56	48	61	18.5%	14.7%	18.3%	3.6%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	16	18	23	5.3%	5.5%	6.9%	1.4%
\$200,000 or more	20	11	17	6.6%	3.4%	5.1%	1.7%
Totals	303	327	333				

INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS (continued)

FAMILY INCOME

Family income is a sub-set of household income. It excludes non-family households. Family households include two or more persons who are related and living in the same dwelling unit. Children are more likely to live in family households. Non-family households are households in which two or more persons live in the same dwelling unit but are unrelated.

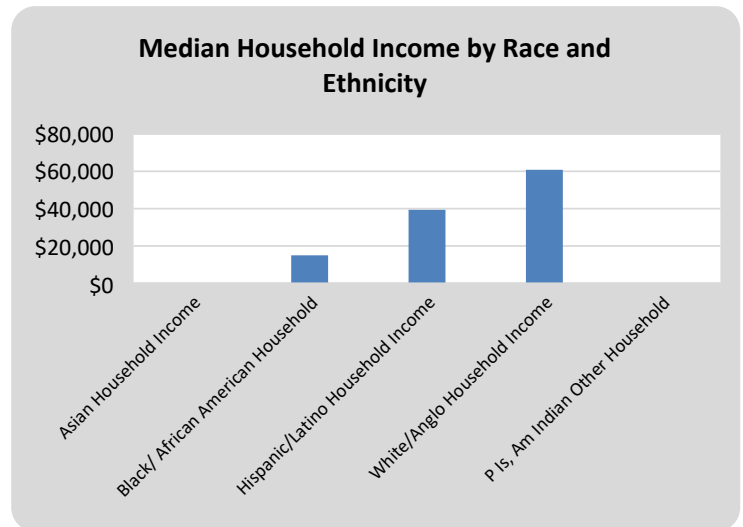
The number of families with annual incomes above \$100,000 is projected to decline over the next five years. For the current year, it is estimated that 29.3% of all family incomes exceed \$100,000 per year. In five years that number is projected to be 28.7%.

Income Trends	2018	2023	2018%	2023%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2018 - 2023
Families					
Less than \$10,000	4	4	2.1%	2.1%	-0.04%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	2	2	1.0%	1.0%	-0.02%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6	6	3.1%	3.1%	-0.06%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	21	25	11.0%	12.8%	1.83%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	27	27	14.1%	13.8%	-0.29%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	33	33	17.3%	16.9%	-0.35%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	42	42	22.0%	21.5%	-0.45%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	31	31	16.2%	15.9%	-0.33%
\$150,000-\$199,999	15	15	7.9%	7.7%	-0.16%
\$200,000 or more	10	10	5.2%	5.1%	-0.11%
Totals	191	195			

MEDIAN INCOME BY RACE AND ETHNICITY

Median income by race and ethnicity is a subset of household income. Median income is that point where there are as many households with incomes greater than the median as there are households with incomes less than the median.

Median Income by Race and Ethnicity	2018
Asian Household Income	\$0
Black/ African American Household Income	\$14,999
Hispanic/Latino Household Income	\$39,374
White/Anglo Household Income	\$60,803
P Is, Am Indian Other Household Income	\$0
Average	\$23,035



INSITE #6: HOUSEHOLDS AND CHILDREN TRENDS

Diversity of child rearing environments is increasing along with the many other types of growing diversity in the US. To understand this, we begin with the types of households that exist in a community. There are...

- family households with children under 18
- family households without children under 18

The concern of this analysis is family households with children under 18. Of the types of family households with children there are...

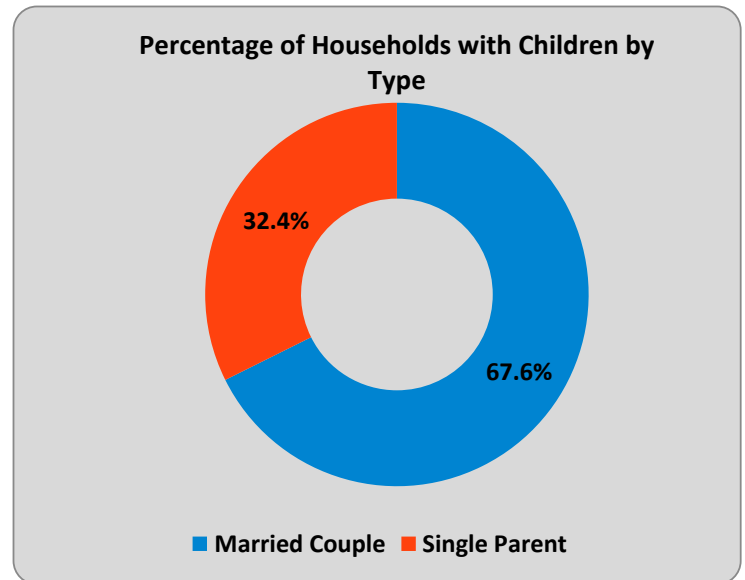
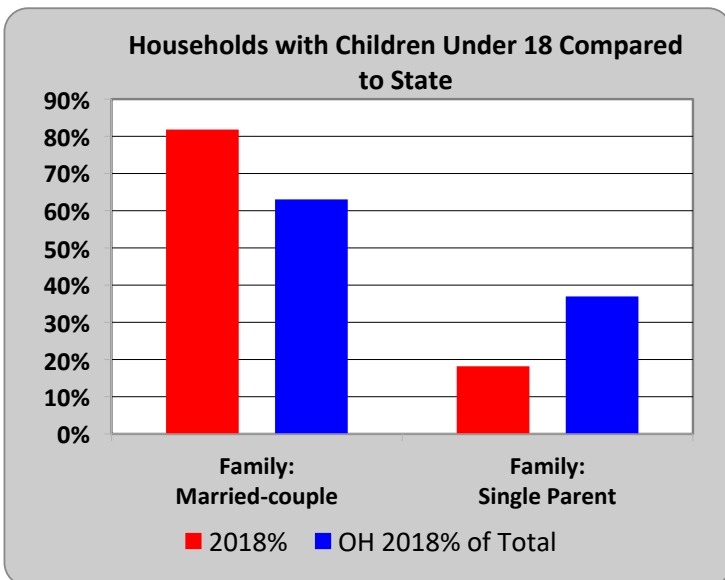
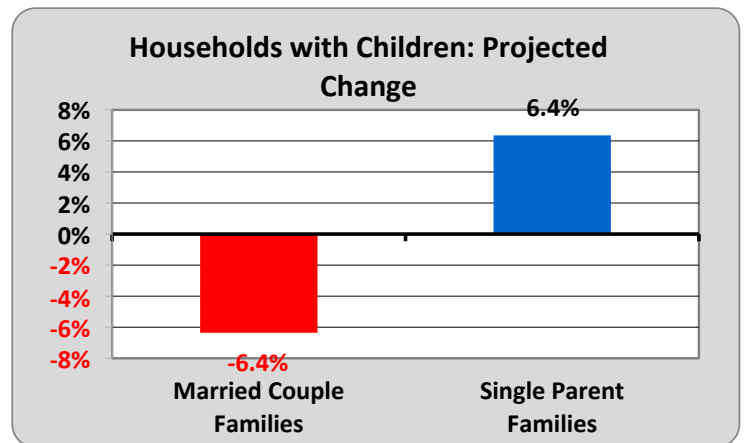
- Married couple families
- Single parent families (father or mother)

These two are reported for the study area in the table below.

Households	2010	2018	2023	2010%	2018%	2023%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2018 - 2023
Households with Children under 18							
Married Couple	45	23	19	81.8%	67.6%	61.3%	-6.4%
Single Parent	10	11	12	18.2%	32.4%	38.7%	6.4%

Of the households with children under 18, married couple households are decreasing as a percentage while single parent households are increasing. The graph to the right illustrates this. Bars above the 0% point indicate a family type that is increasing while bars below 0% is decreasing. This provides "insite" into how family households and structures with children are changing in the study area.

A comparison to the state reveals to what extent this community is similar or dissimilar to the state as a whole. The study area's married couple households with children are dissimilar to the state's profile. The percentage of single parent households with children is less than the state.



INSITE #7: MARITAL STATUS TRENDS

MARITAL STATUS BY TYPE

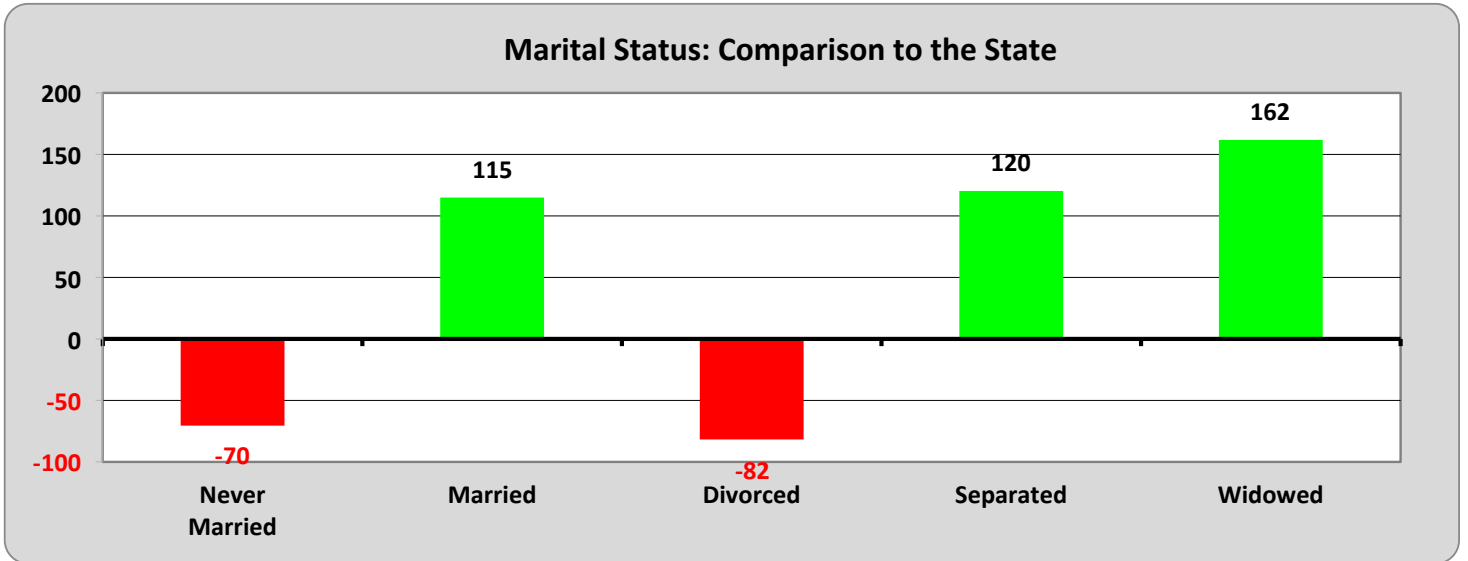
Population by Marital Status considers the number and percentage of persons 15 years of age and greater by their current marital status. Trend information as well as a comparison to the study area's state marital status types provide two different views of this social reality.

Marital types reported include..

- Never Married (Singles)
- Currently Married
- Divorced
- Separated
- Widowed

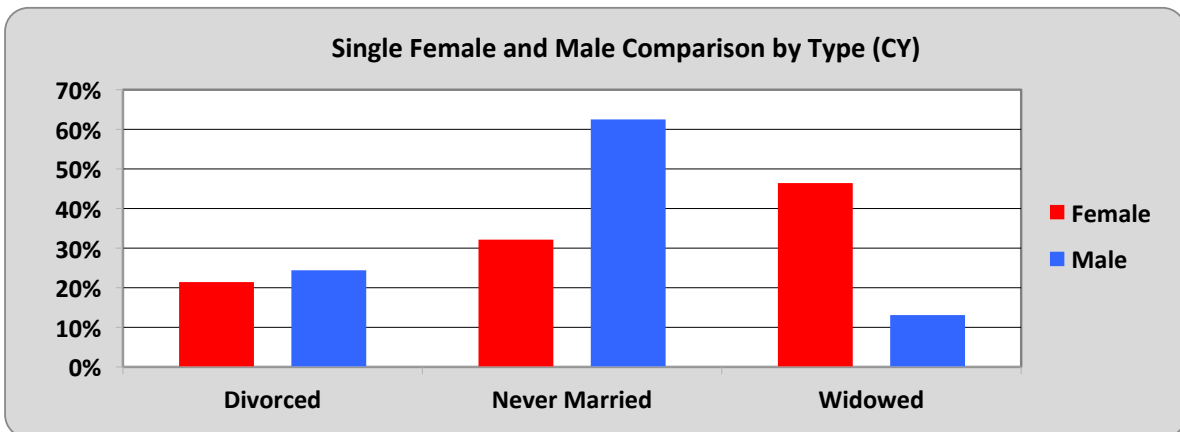
	2010	2018	2023	2010%	2018%	2023%	2010 to 2023 %pt Change
Population by Marital Status: Age 15+							
Never Married	103	132	124	18.7%	22.3%	20.8%	2.2%
Married	375	330	337	67.9%	55.6%	56.6%	-11.3%
Divorced	40	58	59	7.2%	9.8%	9.9%	2.7%
Separated	10	12	12	1.8%	2.0%	2.0%	0.2%
Widowed	24	61	63	4.3%	10.3%	10.6%	6.2%

In this community, the current year estimate of marital status reveals a community of adults more likely to be married than the state average for adults. The percentage single never married is lower than the state average for adults 15 years and older. Divorce is less prevalent than the state wide average.



Women 15 years and older are less likely to be divorced than men.

Women 15 years and older are more likely to be widowed than men.



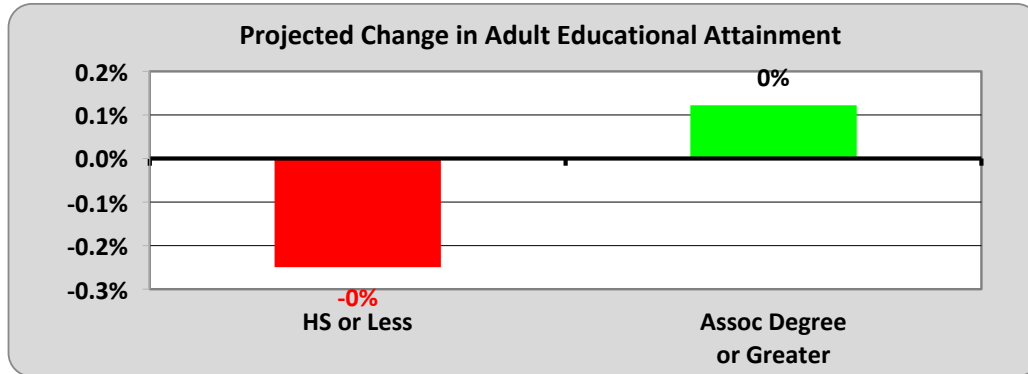
INSITE #8: ADULT EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

The level of educational attainment of a community's adult population is an important indicator of its opportunities and challenges. This analysis will look at the Adult Educational Attainment from three perspectives.

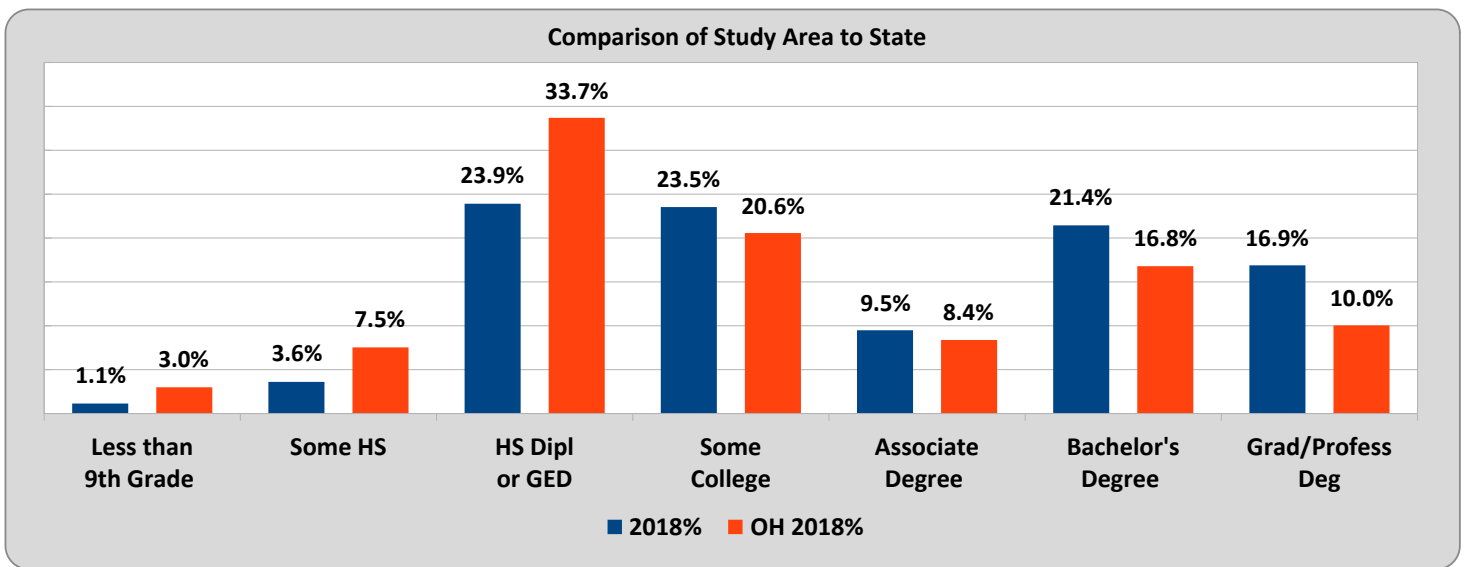
First, it looks to see if the level of educational attainment for adults is rising or not. Second, it compares the level of attainment to that of the state of OHIO. (If this is a state report, the comparison will be to itself.) Finally, the table provides the percentages from 2010.

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL ATTAINMENT CHANGE

The educational attainment level of adults has been rising over the past few years. It is projected to rise over the next five years by 0.1%.



EDUCATIONAL LEVEL COMPARED TO THE STATE



	2010	2018	2023	OH 2018%	2018 Study Area-State Comp Index
Population by Educational Attainment: 25+					
Less than 9th Grade	1.4%	1.1%	0.9%	3.0%	38
Some HS	4.2%	3.6%	3.6%	7.5%	48
HS Dipl or GED	24.2%	23.9%	24.0%	33.7%	71
Some College	24.0%	23.5%	23.6%	20.6%	114
Associate Degree	5.4%	9.5%	9.6%	8.4%	113
Bachelor's Degree	25.9%	21.4%	21.5%	16.8%	128
Grad/Profess Deg	15.0%	16.9%	16.9%	10.0%	168

The overall educational attainment of the adults in this community is greater than the state.

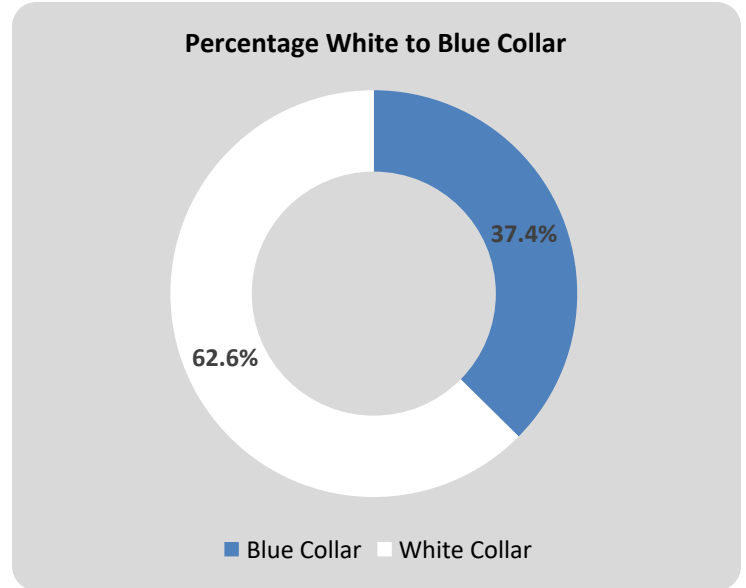
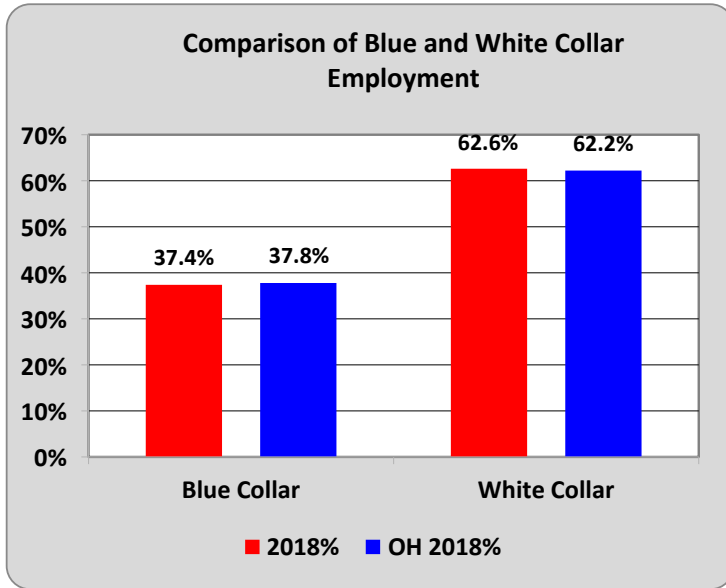
INSITE #9: POPULATION BY EMPLOYMENT

Like educational attainment, an analysis of a community by its employment types and categories provides an important “insite” into its socio-economics. This analysis looks at two factors.

First is a report of the employed population 16 and over by the traditional “blue collar” and “white collar” occupations and compares these to the state. Second, it looks at the community by the seven standard census bureau occupations and compares them to the state.

EMPLOYED POPULATION: BLUE COLLAR OR WHITE COLLAR

On the chart to the left, the study area is compared to the state of OHIO. This study area is close to the state average for White Collar workers. It is close to the state average for Blue Collar workers.



EMPLOYED CIVILIAN POPULATION BY OCCUPATION

	2018	OH 2018	Comp. Index	Interpretation
Employed Civilian Pop 16+ by Occupation				
Bldg Maintenance & Cleaning	8.3%	3.5%	236	Well above the state average.
Construction	9.2%	7.3%	126	Well above the state average.
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.0%	0.3%	0	Well below the state average.
Food Preparation Serving	10.7%	6.0%	179	Well above the state average.
Healthcare Support	1.5%	2.9%	52	Well below the state average.
Managerial Executive	26.1%	14.2%	184	Well above the state average.
Office Admin	8.6%	13.5%	64	Well below the state average.
Personal Care	0.3%	3.1%	10	Well below the state average.
Production Transportation	4.2%	15.7%	26	Well below the state average.
Prof Specialty	18.7%	21.5%	87	Well below the state average.
Protective	5.0%	1.8%	274	Well above the state average.
Sales	7.4%	10.1%	73	Well below the state average.

INSITE #10: MOSAIC Segments

Mosaic is a geo-demographic segmentation system developed by and for marketers. Instead of looking at individual demographic variables, a segmentation system clusters households into groups with multiple common characteristics. Demographic variables that generally cluster together would include income, educational levels, presence of children and occupations among others.

This database is developed by Experian. Some find the information helpful because it presents a multi-dimensional view of a community.

In the report below, the top 15 Mosaic Segments of the study area are provided. (If less than 15, rows will be blank.)

NOTE: For a full description please see the DI Demographic Segment Guide (Mosaic) under the Help menu on the Documents gallery.

	2018	2018%	State %	Comp Index	Relative to the OH State Ave.
Mosaic Segments					
L41 Blue Sky Boomers - Booming and Consuming	108	33.0%	0.2%	17829	Well above the state average
Q62 Golden Year Guardians - Reaping Rewards	55	16.8%	1.9%	887	Well above the state average
E21 Thriving Boomers - Unspoiled Splendor	28	8.6%	3.7%	233	Well above the state average
E20 Thriving Boomers - No Place Like Home	24	7.3%	2.8%	264	Well above the state average
O51 Singles and Starters - Digital Dependents	19	5.8%	4.3%	135	Well above the state average
Q64 Golden Year Guardians - Town Elders	18	5.5%	4.2%	132	Well above the state average
N46 Pastoral Pride - True Grit Americans	17	5.2%	1.1%	458	Well above the state average
H27 Middle-class Melting Pot - Birkenstocks and Beemers	16	4.9%	0.2%	2477	Well above the state average
J34 Autumn Years - Aging in Place	11	3.4%	7.1%	47	Well below the state average
C11 Booming with Confidence - Aging of Aquarius	10	3.1%	3.4%	90	Somewhat below the state average
B09 Flourishing Families - Family Fun-tastic	6	1.8%	1.5%	119	Somewhat above the state average
D15 Suburban Style - Sports Utility Families	5	1.5%	1.7%	91	Somewhat below the state average
J35 Autumn Years - Rural Escape	5	1.5%	1.9%	80	Somewhat below the state average
C12 Booming with Confidence - Golf Carts and Gourmets	2	0.6%	0.1%	786	Well above the state average
I30 Family Union - Stockcars and State Parks	2	0.6%	5.3%	11	Well below the state average

Learn about your Mosaic Households

To access Mosaic Portrait data click on:

[Mosaic USA E-Handbook by Experian](#) (To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link)

Handbook includes Mosaic Overview and two graphic pages for each of the 19 Groups and 71 Segments.

[How to Read and Understand a Mosaic Portrait - Video](#)

[Understanding Mosaic Portraits for Mission Planning - Video](#)

Faith based clients: To access the Mosaic application guide click on:

[Mission Impact Mosaic Application Guide by Bandy](#) (To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link)

INSITE #11: GENERATIONS

A powerful way to envision demographics is by following a generation through its phases of life. This is because there are, in a general sense, common life experiences at each phase of life. But even more interesting is to understand a generational cohort group that has a unique sense of belonging to others born and coming of age together. More than mere age bracketing, a generation develops a sense of identity as a group based upon their coming of age experiences—how they were parented and major world defining events, such as 9/11. Using the Strauss and Howe model of generations one is able to see a more three-dimensional view of a generational group, bringing mere age demographics to life.

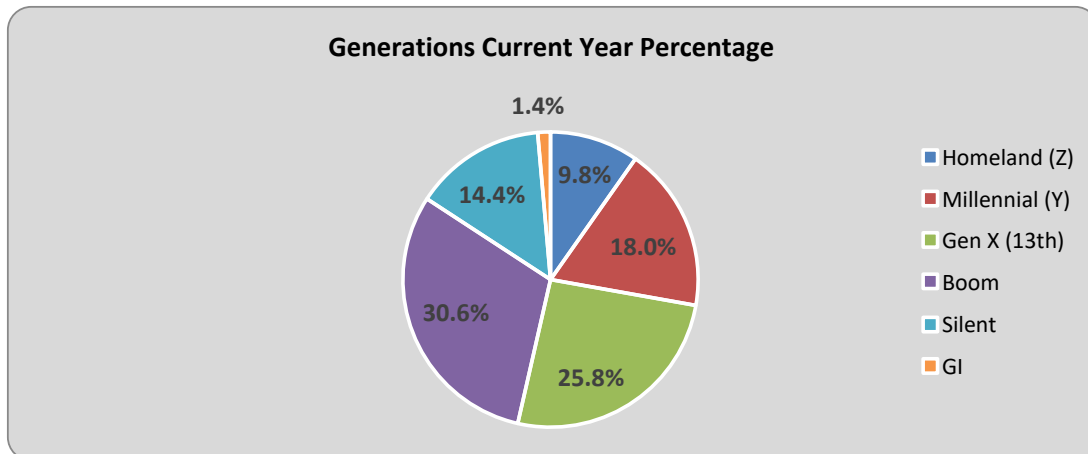
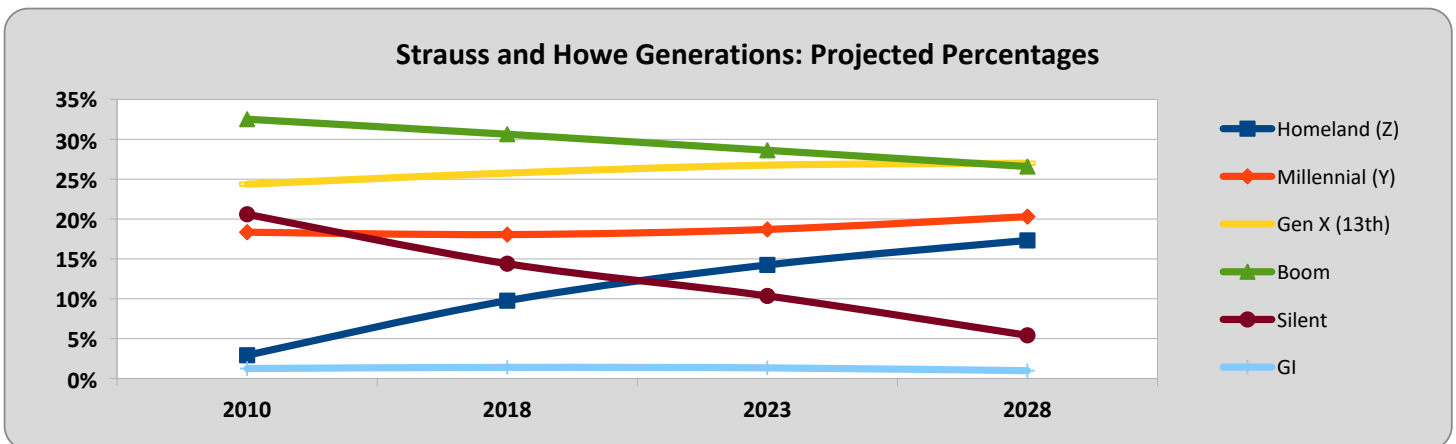
According to the Strauss and Howe model, members of a generation share three qualities. *

- An age location in history
- Some common beliefs and behaviors, including basic attitudes about risk taking, culture and values, civic engagement, and family life
- A common perceived membership in a generation, e.g., Boomers, Gen X, Millennials etc.

(* <http://www.lifecourse.com/about/method/phases.html>)

Name	S & H Type	Initial	Final Birth	2010		2018		2023		2028	
Homeland (Z) Artist		2005	2025	18	2.9%	64	9.8%	94	14.2%	115	17.7%
Millennial (Y) Hero		1982	2004	113	18.3%	118	18.0%	123	18.7%	135	20.8%
Gen X (13th) Nomad		1961	1981	151	24.4%	169	25.8%	177	26.8%	179	27.7%
Boom Prophet		1946	1960	201	32.5%	201	30.6%	189	28.6%	177	27.2%
Silent Artist		1925	1945	127	20.6%	94	14.4%	68	10.4%	36	5.5%
GI Hero		1901	1924	8	1.2%	9	1.4%	9	1.3%	6	1.0%
Totals:				618	100.0%	656	100%	660	100%	648	100.0%

[For more information on Generational types, click here](#)



INSITE #12: RELIGIOUS PROGRAM OR MINISTRY PREFERENCES

This information is from the 2017 Quadrennium Project Survey conducted by MissionInsite of US Religious Preferences, Practices and Beliefs called the Quadrennium Project. The complete survey results are available in the four Predesigned Quad Reports; ReligiousInsite, ReligiousInsite Priorities, MinistryInsite or MinistryInsite Priorities. The Quadrennium White Paper is available on the web site.

	Study Area		US Average		Comparative Index	
	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly Important	Very Important
Personal Growth	31.6%	6.7%	33.9%	7.3%	93	92
Addiction support groups	25.8%	8.9%	29.1%	7.7%	89	115
Health/weight loss programs	34.0%	5.4%	34.4%	7.5%	99	72
Practical training seminars	34.9%	5.9%	38.1%	6.7%	92	87
Family Support and Intervention Services	41.1%	8.8%	36.5%	10.5%	113	84
Crisis support groups	36.6%	10.3%	41.9%	10.1%	87	101
Daycare/After-School Programs	25.0%	7.1%	27.2%	7.8%	92	91
Family oriented activities	43.0%	15.6%	42.6%	17.5%	101	89
Marriage enrichment	34.0%	8.9%	36.5%	9.7%	93	92
Parenting development	27.6%	8.0%	30.9%	7.9%	89	101
Personal/family counseling	38.4%	9.1%	40.0%	10.1%	96	90
Community Involvement and Advocacy Programs	51.4%	12.9%	47.7%	13.8%	108	93
Adult social activities	43.7%	12.1%	52.1%	14.4%	84	84
Involvement in social causes	46.5%	12.0%	47.4%	13.6%	98	88
Social justice advocacy work	37.1%	10.1%	40.5%	11.5%	92	88
Opportunities for volunteering in the community	49.5%	16.1%	50.8%	15.8%	97	102
Community Activities or Cultural Programs	41.9%	10.2%	43.3%	12.9%	97	79
Cultural programs (music, drama, art)	39.8%	13.8%	46.5%	11.3%	86	122
Holiday programs/activities	50.9%	13.9%	49.8%	14.5%	102	96
Seniors/retiree activities	43.9%	14.0%	41.9%	13.4%	105	105
Youth social activities	32.1%	11.8%	35.1%	12.3%	92	96
Religious/Spiritual Programs	32.4%	15.5%	37.4%	18.1%	87	86
Bible or Scripture study/prayer groups	38.3%	21.0%	32.6%	15.9%	118	132
Christian education for children	30.1%	15.6%	29.5%	14.9%	102	105
Contemporary worship experiences	38.8%	12.0%	39.1%	11.5%	99	104
Spiritual discussion groups	37.8%	10.4%	39.0%	11.6%	97	90
Traditional worship experiences	39.6%	22.6%	38.9%	20.7%	102	109
Warm and friendly encounters	45.3%	34.9%	45.3%	33.8%	100	103
The quality of sermons	38.2%	30.6%	36.9%	28.5%	103	107

Supporting Information

Interpreting the Report

The ExecutiveInsite report is designed for easy reading. But there are several tools provided in the tables that make this easier.

Change over time: Several trend tables have a column indicating a change over time. Generally these tables begin with the last census, include the current year estimate, a five year projection and if available, a 10 year forecast. The data in each cell represents a percentage change up or down.

Color Coding: Both the "Change over Time" and "Comparative Indexes" columns are color coded to easily spot any change and the direction of that change.

Change:	Increasing	Stable	Declining
Index:	Above Ave	Ave	Below Ave.

Variable Definitions

Full variable definitions can be found in the MI Demographic Reference Guide. Download it free from the Help/Documents menu located on the map screen of your

Indexes: Some variables will have a column called "Comparative Index." An index is an easy way to compare a study area with a larger area. For this report, all comparisons are with the state or states within which the study area falls. The indexes can be interpreted as follows.

- Indexes of 100 mean the study area variable is the same as its base area.
- Indexes greater than 100 mean the study area variable is above the base area. The higher the number, the greater it is above the base.
- Indexes less than 100 mean the study area variable is below the base area. The lower the number, the greater it is below the base.

Support

If you need support with this report, please email MissionInsite at misupport@missioninsite.com.

[Download ExecutiveInsite Worksheet \(To open in a new Tab hold Control key when you click on the link\)](#)